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RIORDAN, DAWSON & CO.,  
No. 149 East Bay, Charleston, S.C.

## The Charleston News.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1871.

## NEWS OF THE DAY.

—Gold at New York yesterday closed at 129 1/2.

—The New York cotton market closed firm; uplands 18 1/2; sales 3157 bales.

—At Liverpool cotton closed active and firmer; uplands 9 1/2; shipping at Charleston or Savannah 9 1/2.

—The latest euphorism for red hair is Canandaigua color; Canandaigua being, as every New York railroad traveler knows, a little beyond Auburn.

—Rev. S. S. Harris, of the Episcopal Church in Columbus, Ga., has accepted a call to the rectory of Trinity Church, New Orleans, at a salary of five thousand dollars.

—The Chicago lawyers, who lost some \$400,000 worth of law books in the fire, now ask a liberal donation of books for the library of their Law Institute, which they promise to make free to the bar generally.

—Fanny Elliser, (the genuine one,) whose dancing delighted our fathers and grandfathers, is now living quietly at the Hague. She is sixty-one years old, and is noted for her deeds of charity.

—Additional returns received from the late legislative elections in West Virginia confirm the first reports of an unqualified Democratic and Conservative success. The additional counties heard from are Kanawha, Mineral, Berkeley, Marion, Harrison, Ritchie, Lewis, Wood, Brooke, Marshall and Wetzel, all of which return Democratic majorities.

—The first of the trials of the polygamists before the United States Court at Salt Lake has ended in conviction. The accused, Thomas Hawkins, is one of the leading lights in the Mormon Church, and the principal witness against him was his first wife, whose trials under the yoke of her Turk of a husband seem to have been peculiarly severe. The sentence imposed is a fine of five hundred dollars, and imprisonment for three years. Thus the crisis in Mormonism has been reached.

—The New York Tribune appeals to the generosity in behalf of the sufferers in Wisconsin, Michigan and Minnesota. Probably fifty thousand persons in Northern Wisconsin and Michigan have been stripped of every possession, and many have been rendered sick, blind or crippled by the ordeal, which will necessarily make them objects of charity for some time to come. Unfortunately, too, where whole families and whole communities were involved in the common ruin, there are no neighbors nor relatives on whom, as in Chicago, some of the suffering can fall back for assistance.

—Mr. A. T. Stewart, since 1862, has given away in public charity about \$200,000. In 1862-3 he sent \$10,000 to the distressed cotton-spinners of Lancashire; soon afterwards a ship laden with provisions to Ireland; upon the breaking out of the civil war he gave \$50,000 for the defence of the Union; and \$10,000 to the famishing people of Southern Russia; just before the war, and afterwards gave the Germans \$50,000 worth of provisions, followed by another gift to Prussia of 100,000 francs, and a like amount to France. After the late fire in Chicago, as is well known, he contributed \$50,000 for the relief of the sufferers.

—In New York City Charles O'Connor, the distinguished Democratic lawyer, has been compelled to decline the nomination of the reform Democrats for member of the New York Assembly from the Nineteenth District. His time is more than occupied in the investigation of the frauds and in stirring up Tweed, for which he was delegated by the attorney-general. At his suggestion, however, the Hon. Horatio Seymour was on Saturday nominated for the position, and it is understood will accept. The opposing Democratic candidate is Tom Field, the district giving 2500 majority. Mr. Seymour does not reside in New York City, but Oneida County, and it is a novel thing in New York State politics to elect a candidate for the Legislature residing in another county. A Republican Journal says all parties should unite on Mr. Seymour, as it would be an honor to New York to elect such a man.

—A correspondent of the London Telegraph draws a lively picture of the social condition of Paris at the present moment, by which it seems that it is not only the external appearance of the city that is being so rapidly renovated, but the people also are already assuming the "ante-bellum" gaiety and joviality. Day by day the number of persons who usually live there, and nearly as many more who come from afar off, are flocking to town and settling themselves down as of old; taking to all their former occupations; doing business and killing time in that wonderful manner for which Parisians have been celebrated time out of mind. According to the correspondent, Paris was never more flourishing than now, and the tradesmen are literally "full of business." The workmen—masons, carpenters, smiths, tinmen, glaziers, painters, printers, shoemakers and the rest—were never so well off before. What between some 10,000 of their fellow craftsmen killed at the taking of Paris, 20,000 who are still prisoners, and 40,000 German workmen who left Paris at the commencement of the war and have not yet returned, there are now at least 70,000 new pairs of hands in the city than there were last year. The consequence is that workmen now get whatever wages they choose to ask. Rent has not risen much, and although the price of provisions is high, more meat and vegetables are consumed than formerly. As a corollary, the populace is contented and orderly, and the police say that beyond a rare wine-shop dispute, or the distraction of having occasionally to hunt up a Communist, they have really nothing to do.

—The following was the sentence passed on Saturday upon Hawkins, the polygamist, by Chief Justice McKean, in Salt Lake City: "Thomas Hawkins, I am sorry for you, very sorry; you may not think so now, but I shall try to make you think so by the mercy which I shall show you. You came from England to this country with the wife of your youth; for many years you were a kind husband and a kind father. At length, however, the evil spirit of polygamy tempted and possessed you. You then departed from your household, and now, by the complaint of your faithful wife and the verdict of a law-abiding

jury, you stand at the bar as a convicted criminal. The law gives me a large discretionary power in passing sentence upon you. I might both fine and imprison you, or I might imprison you twenty years and fine you \$10,000. I cannot imprison you for less than three years, nor fine you less than \$300. It is right that you should be fined, among other reasons to help to defray the expenses of enforcing the laws; but my experience in Utah has been such, that were I to fine you only, I am satisfied the fine would be paid out of other funds than yours; and you would go free, absolutely free from all punishment, and then those men who misled the people would make thousands of others believe that God had sent the money to pay the fine; that God had prevented the court-room from sending you to prison; that by a miracle you had been rescued from the authorities of the United States. I must look to it that my judgment gives no aid or comfort to such men; I must look to it that my judgment be not so severe as to seem vindictive, and not so light as to seem to trifle with justice. I will say here and now that, whenever your good behavior and the public good shall justify me in doing so, I will gladly recommend that you be pardoned. The judgment of the court is, that you be fined \$500, and that you be imprisoned at hard labor for the term of three years." Contrary to all expectations, there was little or no excitement in the court-room. The attendance was large, but generally all maintained a proper decorum. Notice of an appeal to the Supreme Court was given by the prisoner's counsel.

## The Municipal Change.

The installation of the Mayor and Aldermen elect will take place at the City Hall, at 12 o'clock to-day, and the Executive Committee of the Citizens' Party request that there be no public demonstration on that occasion. It is desired that the installation be a purely formal affair, and that all show of exultation be avoided.

## Let the Governor Speak.

It has always been the practice in this State to pay the taxes for a given year in the year following; the taxes for 1870, for example, being payable in 1871. At the last session of the General Assembly, however, the period of collection was changed so as to make the taxes of both 1870 and 1871 payable during the present year. The effect of such a change could not fail to be disastrous in the extreme. For the year 1870 the State tax, due and payable last spring, was nine mills on the dollar. For the year 1871 the State tax, due and payable under the new plan, this present month, is seven mills on the dollar. The tax of nine mills (1870) amounts to \$1,647,000, and the tax of seven mills (1871) to \$1,281,000, making a total tax, to be paid in the year, of \$2,928,000; an amount more than seven times as great as the State tax before the war. But, in addition to the State tax, there is the county tax, which is payable at the same time. The county taxation for 1870 amounts to \$618,047, and for 1871 to \$549,000. Adding the several taxes we find that the people were called upon to pay, this year, the following amounts:

State tax, 1870.....	\$1,647,000
State tax, 1871.....	1,281,000
County tax, 1870.....	618,047
County tax, 1871.....	549,000
Total.....	\$4,095,047

And even this amount is exclusive of the poll-tax of one dollar, which adds \$300,000 to the general estimate. It must be remembered, besides, that all real and personal property in South Carolina is taxed at least its full market value, and that the taxable property of the State is largely reduced in amount by the consequences of the war. In other words, while the value of the property of the people of the State has sunk from \$489,000,000, in 1860, to \$183,000,000, in 1870, the amount to be raised by taxation in one year is increased from \$400,000 to \$4,250,000.

The publication of this unvarnished statement in THE NEWS, last March, gave rise to a discussion in which nearly every journal in this State took part. The general decision was that the payment of four million dollars in taxes, in one year, would reduce to beggary an already impoverished people. The circumstance that the taxpayers, being nearly exclusively whites, were without representation in the Legislature whose members squandered the public moneys, and imposed taxes to defray their own extravagant appropriations, added fuel to the flame, and in a very short time the white people of the State were prepared to offer a united moral resistance to the collection of a tax so heavy as to be tantamount, in many cases, to confiscation.

The proposed double-tax of four million dollars, together with the large increase in the State debt, led to the holding of public meetings in Charleston, which meetings resulted in the assembling of the Taxpayers' Convention last May. This body, composed of men of intelligence and position, considered the question maturely, and appointed a special committee to confer with the Governor of the State in relation to the postponement of the collection of the tax for 1871, made due in November, 1871, but which, under the old law, would have been collectible in March, 1872. The committee submitted the following report, which was adopted:

That impressed with the conviction (under the peculiar circumstances of the case, and in view of the fact that the people of the State are thus called upon to pay the taxes for two separate years in one), of the justice of the measure of relief proposed, they have had an interview with the Governor, who has authorized them to state to the Convention, that while the various offices will be open in November for the reception of the taxes at that time, from such of the citizens as may be then prepared to pay them, yet that the period for their payment will be extended to the 1st of March, 1872, within which time, if payment is made, no penalty will be due.

In the same Convention, the Committee of Eleven, of which General M. C. Butler was chairman, reported, also, that they had urged "the inability of the people, after paying the taxes now being collected, to pay a second tax in November next," and that the Governor said, in reply, that "it had been represented to him by well-informed citizens in several parts of the State that for a large class of citizens, whose taxes were small in amount, the month of November was a more convenient time of payment than any other, and he hoped that to that class of citizens the collection of the tax at that time would not prove oppressive;" but, yielding to the representations of the Committee, the Governor requested them to report to the Con-

vention that he would authorize the Comptroller to suspend the collection of taxes in all cases where the payment thereof was "inconvenient to the taxpayers—that this postponement should extend to the 1st of March, 1872, and that the penalty for non-payment should not be enforced in the meantime."

We have recapitulated the circumstances which led to the holding of the Taxpayers' Convention last May, and have reproduced the explicit and deliberate promises of Governor Scott, because we have reason to believe that it is not intended to give the taxpayers the extension of time upon which they counted. We have before us, for instance, the Columbia Union of Monday last, containing the following official notice:

OFFICE TREASURER RICHARD COUNTY, S.C., COLUMBIA, October 20, 1871.

The books of the Treasurer of Richard County will be opened on the 20th day of November, 1871, for the receipt of taxes due to the State and County for the year 1871. The penalty of twenty per cent. provided by law, will be added to all taxes remaining unpaid on the 15th day of January, 1872, and the rate of taxation for the year 1871 is as follows:

County tax per centum.....	7 mills
County tax per centum.....	3 mills
Poll tax per capita.....	\$1.50

C. J. BALDWIN,  
Treasurer Richard County.

Mr. Treasurer Baldwin here gives notice that the penalty provided by law will be added to all taxes remaining unpaid on the 15th day of January, 1872; while Governor Scott pledged his honor that the period of payment should be extended to the 1st of March, before which time no penalty should attach. It may be that Mr. Baldwin's notice is a simple compliance with the letter of the law, and that Governor Scott has not forgotten what he promised six months ago. But the people are becoming uneasy and suspicious, and it is due to them that they should know the truth that they may be ready for the worst. Governor Scott or his tax officers can, at least, relieve the people from what is a position of painful uncertainty. We hope that this will be done.

## The Charleston Election.

[From the Columbia Union.] We have not seen a respectable Republican who has endorsed the scheme lately put on foot in Charleston to defeat the will of the people. It was one of the latest attempts that ever came to our notice, and we do not wonder that those engaged in it took pains to hurry back home after the matter was decided. When a Republican gets so far advanced as to refuse to submit to the decisions of the ballot-box, the leecher he goes to some other fold the better. We believe in contesting elections, where fraud is known to have been practiced, but the evidence of that fraud must be adduced, or the fraud charged at the time of the election, and not two months after it is over.

In the case of the Charleston city election, it seems that Judge Graham did not take long to come to a decision. Messrs. Worthington and Hoge seem to have been promptly "re-elected." They were snuffed out by the Charleston lawyers. The array was inspiring. E. Speaker Simons, ex-Governor Magrath, J. B. Campbell, Esq., Sandy Brown, Esq., C. H. Stimson, Esq., and others, put in an appearance. Well, Messrs. Worthington and Hoge were found utterly unprepared. They were snuffed out by the outer skirmish line. Even if their case had any merits at all, they did not have the chance to suggest them. The history of law cases never before revealed such an easy victory. We congratulate the people of Charleston upon the result, and hope that the good old city will improve under the new municipal government.

## A Grand Project.

Professor Maury's work, entitled "Geography of the Seas," together with its celebrated wind and current charts, it will be collected, worked, and a revolution in navigation, and its labors have received a world-wide recognition. He now contemplates a kindred work for the land, calculated to be not less beneficial to agriculture than were his wind and current charts to commerce and navigation. But in order to get the materials necessary to his scheme, Professor Maury conceives it necessary that the General Government should lend a helping hand. He wants the establishment, by international co-operation, of a general and systematic plan of meteorological observation and crop reports, and suggests, in furtherance of this object, a conference of leading meteorologists of all nations, commissioned by their governments, like that which was held at Brussels in 1853, for the purpose of connecting with the plan now proposed the system that was then devised for the sea—of arranging details and providing a general system of observations.

## To Rent.

TO RENT, TWO LARGE ROOMS, WITH large piazza. Apply at No. 62 St. Philip street, below Calhoun. nov1-4

TO RENT, TWO OR THREE ROOMS, TO a small, quiet family. Apply at No. 101 St. Philip street. nov1-4

TO RENT, THAT DESIRABLE THREE-story Brick Residence, No. 121 Westworth street, one door west of St. Philip; water-work, gas and cistern on premises. It is on line of City and Charleston R.R. R. M. MARSHALL & BRO., Real Estate Brokers. nov1-4

TO RENT, THAT LARGE AND COMMODIOUS DWELLING, situated on the corner of Society street, No. 3, containing fourteen rooms and a large piazza, bath room, gas and water throughout. Also delivery of fruit. This is a desirable place for a large family or boarding school for young ladies. Apply upon premises. nov1-4

TO RENT, TWO LARGE FRONT ROOMS, fronting on King street, corner of Liberty street, possession given from the 1st of November. Also delivery of fruit. This is a desirable place for a large family or boarding school for young ladies. Apply upon premises. nov1-4

TO RENT, A FIRST FLOOR ROOM. Apply to Mrs. RILEY, 71 Westworth street. oct18

TO RENT, THE PREMISES NO. 101 Meeting street, known as the Dental Office of Dr. J. H. RICHMOND, and the office of the late Dr. J. H. RICHMOND, which will be rented with or without the dwelling attached. The premises are in the most perfect condition, with gas, water, bath room, ranges, &c. The furniture of the office will be sold if desired by the 1st of November. For terms, apply to J. OTTOLENGHI, at the office of the Charleston Charitable Association, Meeting street. oct28-3

## Notices in Bankruptcy.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA.—In the matter of WILLIAM VINCE, Debtor, and JAMES H. RICHMOND, Assignee. Notice is hereby given that a petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy was filed on the TWENTY-FIFTH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, A. D. 1871, in said Court, in Bankruptcy.—This is to give notice that on the 27th day of A. D. 1871, a warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of WILLIAM VINCE, Debtor, in the County of Charleston, and State of South Carolina, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property, or the sale of any property, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that all creditors of the estate, who are not approved Assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be held at the Court House of Charleston, South Carolina, before J. C. BARPKETTER, Registrar, on the thirteenth day of November, A. D. 1871, at 11 o'clock, A. M., to show cause why they should not be declared United States Marshal, as Messenger. nov1-2

## Wants.

WANTED, A WHITE WOMAN TO cook and do housework. Qualifications required. Apply at No. 91 King street, one door south of Broad. nov1

WANTED, A WHITE GIRL, GERMAN, to do housework, and make herself generally useful. Apply at No. 9 Beaufort street, opposite St. Philip street. nov1-w2

WANTED TO PURCHASE FOR CASH, a lot, for the purpose of building; would prefer a central location. Address "Renters," Charleston, S.C. nov1-4

WANTED IMMEDIATELY, A GOOD Cook. Apply at this office. nov1-4

WANTED, A WAITER AT NO. 18 Meeting street. Recommendations required. nov1-4

WANTED, A COMPETENT WASHER and ironer. Apply at No. 15 Westworth street, south side, near East Bay. oct18-3

HOUSEKEEPER WANTED.—Wanted, a lady to take charge of the housekeeping department of a small boarding house. Apply to Davis House, Sumter, S. C. Reference required. oct18

WANTED, PARTIES WISHING TO dispose of their Furniture to know that they can procure highest market value for same by addressing Box 473, Charleston, P. O. oct18-smw4

AGENTS WANTED!—FOR THE UNIVERSAL TWINE AND THREAD SAVING MACHINE, which saves time, thread, fingers and teeth. Something everybody wants. Samples mailed on receipt of 25 cents. Address GEORGE L. B. MOORELAND, No. 29 Broad street. EHEN COFFIN, sub-agent. nov18

WANTED, A COLORED BOY ABOUT 15 to 16 years of age, who is willing to make himself useful about the house. Good recommendations required. Apply at No. 141 King street. oct17

WANTED, A NURSE. GOOD RECOMMENDATIONS required. Apply at No. 6 Church street. oct18

WANTED TO PURCHASE FOR CASH, a small House. Address C. B. A. News office. oct18

WANTED PURCHASERS OF TICKETS in the Land and Immigration Association of Messrs. BUTLER, CHADWICK, GARY & CO. Tickets now ready. Will be glad to see my friends at the office of EDWARD B. MOORELAND, No. 29 Broad street. EHEN COFFIN, sub-agent. nov18

IF YOU ARE IN WANT OF A SEWING MACHINE, see first the HOME SHUTTLE, the cheapest and best, at BISSELL's, No. 101 Broad street, Express Office. Price \$25 to \$37. sept18-mw

WANTED, BY A STEADY, INTELLIGENT and perfectly trustworthy colored man, of mature years, a place as porter in a business house. Satisfactory references given. Address "Porter," Office of THE NEWS. oct18

WANTED, BY A YOUNG MAN, A native of Florida, a situation as salesman or clerk in a house in Charleston. He is well and favorably known throughout East Florida, and can furnish satisfactory testimonials as to character and qualifications. Address J. S. J. News office. nov19

WANTED, BY A THOROUGHLY COMPETENT, steady and trustworthy colored man, a situation, either as coachman, groom or porter in a household, or as a driver of a very best recommendation. A note addressed to "Coachman," at the office of THE NEWS, will secure prompt attention. nov18

AGENTS WANTED.—THE SINGER MANUFACTURING COMPANY received the highest premium at the Cotton States Fair, held at Augusta, Ga., in 1870. Also the highest premium at the World's Fair, (constituted by the London Convention,) for their sold 17,538 Machines in 1870; 44,000 more Machines than any other company. The SINGER is sold on easy terms at State Agency, No. 191 King street. sept18-wm3-mw

Copartnerships and Dissolutions.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP. The business heretofore conducted by A. MORGAN and S. E. LUCAS, on Santer, in this day of the month of October, 1871, is dissolved. S. E. LUCAS will receive and settle all debts. (Signed) A. MORGAN, S. E. LUCAS. nov1-2

LAW FIRM—C. D. MELTON, W. A. CLARK—MELTON & CLARK.—The Law Firm of Carroll, Melton & Janney having been dissolved, I have associated with me in the PRACTICE OF LAW W. A. CLARK, Esq. The business with heretofore conducted in the firm name of MELTON & CLARK, at No. 101 Broad street, Columbia, October 2, 1871. oct18

## Boarding.

BOARDING.—GOOD BOARD, WITH PLAIN ROOMS, can be had by applying at No. 12 Westworth street. Day Boarding also accommodated. oct18-4

BOARDING.—A FEW GENTLEMEN can be accommodated with good board and pleasant rooms, on the terms by applying at No. 12 Westworth street. DAY BOARDING also furnished. may18

## Lost and Found.

LOST, A TAN AND TERRIER PUP. Reward will be paid for the same if left at Wando Works. nov1-4

LOST, BOOK NO. 657, CITIZENS' SAYINGS BANK OF SOUTH CAROLINA, in name of JACOB MATTHEWS. sept18-mw3

LOST OR STOLEN, A LONG BLACK LOCKERBOOK, containing a Check for three hundred and twenty-four dollars, (\$244) drawn by S. Thomas, City Treasurer, in full of delivery of a one hundred dollar bill, besides a few papers of no value. A liberal reward will be paid if left at the corner of East Bay and Unity Alley. oct18

FOUND, A CHILD'S ARMLET. The owner can have the same by proving property and paying expenses. Apply at No. 62 St. Philip street. oct18

## Removals.

J. LIVINGSTON, FRUITERER. Has removed to No. 399 King street, where he begs a continuation of the favors of his customers. He still keeps constantly on hand an assortment of FRUIT, JELLIES, NUTS, &c. Fresh arrivals by every Steamer. oct18-1mo

## Financial.

MORTON, BLISS & CO., BANKERS. No. 30 Broad Street, New York.

Issue Circular Notes and Letters of Credit for travellers; also, Commercial Credit available in all parts of the world. Telegraphic Transfers of Money made on all parts of Europe.

The accounts of Banks, Bankers and Merchants received; Interest allowed on Deposits; Advances made on Cotton, Sterling and Domestic Exchange, and approved Securities.

Drafts for \$1 and upwards on the Bank of Scotland, and Provincial Bank of Ireland and Branches.

MORTON, ROSE & CO., Bartholomew House, London. ang21-3mos

BANKING HOUSE

HENRY CLEWS & CO., No. 32 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

Letters of Credit for Travellers, also Commercial Credits issued, available throughout the world. Bills of Exchange on the Imperial Bank of London, National Bank of Scotland, Provincial Bank of Ireland, and all their branches.

Drafts and Telegraphic Transfers on Europe, San Francisco, the West Indies, and all parts of the United States.

Deposit accounts received in either Currency or Gold, subject to check at sight, which pass through the Clearing-House as if drawn upon any city bank; four per cent. interest allowed on all daily balances; Certificates of Deposit issued; Notes, Drafts and Coupons collected; advances made on approved collaterals and against merchandise consigned to our care.

Orders executed for Investment Securities and Railroad Iron.

CLEWS, HABICHT & CO., No. 11 Old Broad street, London. ang21-3mos

## Meetings.

LANDMARK LODGE, No. 76, A. F. M.—The Regular Monthly Communication of this Lodge will be held at Masonic Hall, THIS EVENING, November 1st, at 7 o'clock. Members will take due notice and govern themselves accordingly. Candidates for F. C. Degree will be received.

By order of the W. M. T. PINCKNEY LOWMEYER, Secretary. nov1

CHARLESTON BOARD OF TRADE.—The Regular Monthly Meeting of the Board will be held THIS EVENING, at half-past 7 o'clock, at the Hall, Meeting street.

By order, A. FOSTER BLACK, Secretary. nov1

PIONEER STEAM FIRE ENGINE COMPANY OF AXEMX.—You are hereby summoned to attend the Regular Monthly Meeting of your Company, THIS (Wednesday) EVENING, the 1st of November, at 7 o'clock, at the Engine Company's Hall, Meeting street. A full attendance is specially required as business of importance will be transacted.

By order, J. W. MCKENRY, Secretary P. S. F. E. Co. nov1

HOMESTEAD BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION.—The Monthly Meeting of this Association will be held THIS EVENING, 1st of November, at 7 o'clock, at the Engine Company's Hall, Meeting street, at half-past 7 o'clock. A share of Stock will be sold previous to sale of the house, and will be received during the day at the Store of Wm. G. Whilden, corner of King and Beaufort streets, and at the Hall in the evening.

By order, J. W. MCKENRY, Secretary. nov1

MEDICAL SOCIETY OF SOUTH CAROLINA.—The Regular Monthly Meeting of this Society will be held THIS EVENING, at 7 o'clock, at the Hall, Meeting street.

By order, MANNING SIMONS, M. D., Secretary. nov1

## For Sale.

FOR SALE, A FLAT; CARRIES EIGHTEEN Cords of Wood. One-half cash. Apply to WM. MCKAY, No. 140 Meeting street. nov1

FOR SALE, A LOT OF NO. 1 MULES, recently arrived and for sale at P. WEST'S Stable, Queen street. nov1

FOR SALE, THE SCHOONER FLAG.—She is in good order, and is capable of carrying 2200 bushels of rice. Apply at PREGAN'S Ship Yard, foot of Laurens street, at No. 28 Middle street. oct18

FOR SALE, SEVERAL SEWING MACHINES, of good make, which are offered cheap. Call at No. 27 Queen street, between Meeting and Church streets. nov1

WRAPPING PAPER FOR SALE.—OLD NEWSPAPERS in large or small quantities. Price 50 CENTS PER HUNDRED. Apply at the office of THE NEWS. nov1

A BARGAIN TO PRINTERS AND BOOKBINDERS.—A Rogers Wood Frame Paper Cutter, will be sold low for cash. It is nearly new, cuts 28 inches, and has an extra knife. No charge for package. Price \$40. Apply at THE NEWS office. nov1

AT PRIVATE SALE, MARL BLUFF PLANTATION, on Rocky Creek Swamp, Orangeburg District, South Carolina, 15 miles from Blackville, on South Carolina Railroad, Augusta branch, and about 10 miles from Orangeburg, containing 1920 acres of land, 285 of which is cleared and under good fence; about 4 acres more cleared, but not under fence—all of which is first-class Cotton and Corn Land; the balance first-class Timber Land.

A first-class Circular Saw Mill (water) in order for immediate use on a constant stream. Lumber and shingles, and also a good mill. Also has a comfortable house with six (6) rooms, outbuildings all in good condition, stables, barn, &c., six (6) framed negro houses, and a good fire. Also has a Marl Bed on which makes it very advantageous to agricultural purposes for making lime, &c. The best 18 inch water power. Also has a fine plantation either in writing or in person can be had by application to H. B. BAKER, No. 131 Meeting street, Charleston, S. C. jan18

Business Cards.

WITTE BROTHERS, FACTORS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS. No. 6 ACCOMMODATION WHARF, CHARLESTON, S. C.

Will make liberal advances on consignments to them or to their friends in New York and Liverpool, and also on bills of exchange drawn on all of our friends for Plantation and Family Supplies. GEO. W. WITTE, ARMIN F. WITTE. sept18-mw3-mw

A. B. MULLIGAN, COTTON FACTOR AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, ACC